



# maxRAID: Revolutionizing Storage

Efficient. Fast. Long-lasting Storage for Cloud and Modern Databases.

This evaluation compares a 19TB high-performance storage system, assessing **maxRAID** against conventional RAID solutions like MD RAID, Xinnor, and GRAID. While conventional RAID depends on high-endurance SSDs for longevity, **maxRAID** delivers optimized performance with lower-endurance drives. By leveraging data compression and advanced optimizations that reduce wear, **maxRAID** ensures consistent, long-lasting performance. We assume 20% data compressibility for general-purpose data.

	RAID-10	RAID-5	maxRAID-5
Performance	Good	Poor	Good
Drives	6	4	6
Drive type <sup>1</sup>	6.40 TB	6.40 TB	3.84 TB
Drive Cost <sup>1</sup>	\$6,672	\$4,448	\$3,234

Day-1 Savings  
**\$3,438**  
 vs. RAID-10

**maxRAID-5 delivers better performance at half the cost of RAID-10.** While RAID-5 may seem similar upfront, its poor performance often makes it unacceptable, and rapid media wear leads to costly long-term expenses.

With **maxRAID's** advanced wear optimization, you save on costs and can use lower-cost drives—without sacrificing performance.

Save over  
**\$5,662**  
 in 5 years with  
 maxRAID vs. RAID-5

	RAID-10	RAID-5	maxRAID-5	
	5 years	2.9 years	5+ years	SSD Life
	\$0	\$4,448	\$0	5-year SSD Repl. Cost <sup>1</sup>



Fewer drives, more capacity.



Reduced Day-1 and long-term costs.



Extend SSD lifespan with peak performance

## How does maxRAID work

**maxRAID** revolutionizes storage with advanced Host FTL architecture. It optimizes data flow, converting random writes into efficient, sequential patterns, compressing data in real-time, and reducing SSD wear. The result? Lower latency, more usable capacity, and sustained performance that outlasts traditional RAID systems.

<sup>1</sup>: Based on Micron 3 DWPD 6.4TB \$1112, maxRAID uses 1 DWPD 3.84TB \$539. Drive costs only; excludes host system and software

**maxRAID** delivers lower costs, sustained performance, and longer-lasting storage